

RESEARCH STRATEGY REPORT

OTT AND MULTI-SCREEN IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA: MAXIMISING OPERATORS' REVENUE AND REACH

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About this report

Consumer behaviour is changing, driven by IP delivery of OTT and managed multi-screen services. The immediate impact of OTT video on traditional pay-TV services in the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) has been limited, primarily due to operators willingness to form partnerships with OTT players and the release of operators' own multi-screen services. However, OTT video is also creating the opportunity to monetise new consumers who have previously not used paid-for services, sometimes due to use of illegal set-top boxes (STBs).

This report investigates the current state of multi-screen propositions in the MENA region, identifies opportunities to extend these services to an OTT audience, and establishes the opportunities to further monetise both multi-screen solutions and OTT video partnerships that remain.

KEY QUESTIONS ANSWERED IN THIS REPORT

- How can operators in MENA maximise revenue from OTT and multiscreen services?
- What should a 'best-in-class' multi-screen service look like?
- Is there value in launching multi-screen services as separate OTT services in the MENA region?
- How can operators further monetise their relationships with OTT video service providers?

GEOGRAPHICAL COVERAGE	CASE STUDIES
Middle East and North Africa	Etisalat eLife ON
Qatar	Sky Now TV
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WHO SHOULD READ THIS REPORT

- Pay-TV providers or telecoms operators aiming to evolve their multiscreen proposition to optimise quality of experience (QoE).
- Operators that are considering launching their own OTT video services to increase reach.
- OTT players that are trying to establish partnerships with telecoms operators or that wish to better understand operators' strategies.
- Investors and other professional institutions that wish to understand the interplay between OTT video providers and traditional pay-TV providers.



Video services offered by operators to their own broadband or pay-TV subscribers that are accessible through multiple devices (including TVs, tablets, PCs and smartphones).

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Executive summary

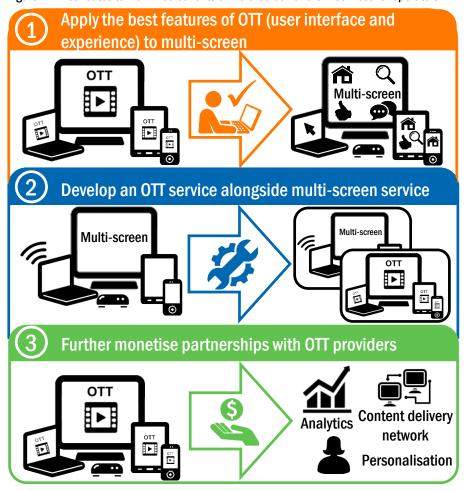
Operators can learn from OTT video players and could further monetise their own services and third-party ones.

Consumer expectations are now for video services to be available 'on any device, anywhere.' Operators in MENA currently satisfy this requirement through multi-screen services and partnerships with OTT players.

Operators can adopt several strategies in order to reap maximum benefit from OTT and multi-screen services in the region.

- Operators' multi-screen strategies should adopt the successful features of OTT video players' user experience and interface design, but should ensure that linear content is positioned prominently, as this is their key differentiator.
- Operators could also develop an OTT service in addition to their current multi-screen service if the following conditions are met:
 - OTT content must be different to multi-screen content
 - infrastructure must be ubiquitous and affordable
 - the market must have 'space' for an appropriate pricing tier
 - the services must have a clear target demographic that is different to that of the core video service.
- Operators also have further opportunities to directly and indirectly monetise their partnerships with OTT providers.

Figure 1: Three routes to maximise benefits of multi-screen and OTT services for operators



Source: Analysys Mason

Partnerships with OTT video players do not necessarily benefit operators as much as having their own, strong multi-screen services

Changing consumer expectations and ever-more-sophisticated OTT video services are a risk to pay-TV providers' margins, even if they are unlikely to lead to cord-cutting.

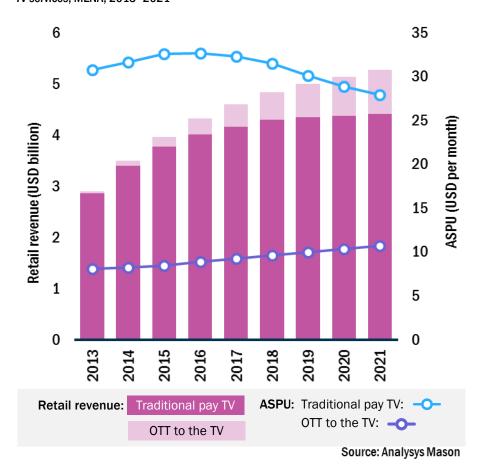
Consumer behaviour is changing, driven by the delivery of OTT and managed multi-screen services over the Internet.

- Consumers now expect delivery of 'all content, everywhere.'
- This has been facilitated by the launch of IPTV services in the MENA region, including multi-screen services as well as OTT services from third parties.

The immediate impact of OTT video on traditional pay-TV services in MENA has been limited, primarily due to operators' willingness to form partnerships with OTT players and the release of operators' own multi-screen services. However, it has driven a change in consumer expectations for flexibility, content and QoE.

Multi-screen and OTT propositions have many features in common and serve similar consumer needs. However, multi-screen services have a greater positive impact on operator margins than OTT propositions (whether directly, through an extra charge, or indirectly, by making the service more attractive). The majority of customer spend on OTT services is passed to the OTT provider. We do not anticipate significant cord-cutting in MENA over the next 5 years, but operators' share of wallet for paid-for video services is at risk.

Figure 2: Pay-TV retail revenue by service type and ASPU for traditional pay-TV and OTT-to-the-TV services, MENA, 2013-2021



Operators should take cues from OTT providers, consider if launching their own OTT service is viable, and establish other ways to monetise OTT

Operators can take several routes to further optimise their multiscreen and OTT services and the revenue derived from them.

Operators can draw directly from the approach of OTT players.

- They should enhance the user interface of their current multiscreen services to ensure that their common service features (as shown in Figure 3) match, or beat, those of OTT providers.
- They could also develop an OTT service in addition to their current multi-screen service if certain conditions are met, such as ownership of original content and accessible broadband infrastructure.

Operators in MENA have been successful in monetising their partnerships with OTT providers directly through the following two strategies.

- Direct operator billing to pay for a subscription to an OTT service.
 Major OTT video services (such as belN Sports Connect, OSN GO, Shahid and Starz Play) support this facility.
- Bundling of OTT video services on a promotional basis. Mobile operators have offered special tariffs to access a streaming service. For example, du (UAE), Maroc Telecom, Ooredoo Kuwait and Orange Tunisie partner with OTT provider iciflix.

Operators can also help OTT providers with content distribution and recommendations using in-house capabilities and infrastructure.

Figure 3: Shared and differentiated features of multi-screen and OTT services Multi-screen **OTT video** Separate billing Integrated User interface (as different billing audience) Subset of TV Distribution Wider audience audience method Not often More-diverse monetised revenue sources separately Platform (such as AVoD) More likely to · More likely to be library-centric include linear Library content Features of OTT services that can be applied to multi-screen Source: Analysys Mason

Recommendations



Operators' multi-screen strategies should adopt the successful features of OTT video players' user experience and interface, but should ensure that linear content is positioned prominently, as this is their key differentiator.

Multi-screen and OTT video services often deliver similar content in a similar manner. However, off-the-shelf solutions deployed by operators can appear cumbersome compared to the sleek user interfaces of major players, such as Netflix. Operators' key differentiator from most OTT players is the wealth of linear channels they deliver – they need to emphasise these as part of their user interface, to give the impression of a premium, plentiful, user experience.



Operators can develop an OTT service in addition to their multi-screen service if certain conditions are met.

Operators must differentiate their OTT content from their multi-screen content, and the rights to content must permit its OTT distribution. The infrastructure to provide this OTT service must be ubiquitous and affordable. The market must have 'space' for an appropriate pricing tier. Finally, the product must have a clear target demographic that is different from that of the core multi-screen video service.



Operators have further opportunities to directly and indirectly monetise their partnerships with OTT providers.

Partnerships with OTT providers have helped operators generate some revenue directly (from commission on subscriptions paid through direct carrier billing) and indirectly (by bundling OTT video services on a promotional basis to drive data usage). However, there is potential for operators to further increase their revenue share by providing OTT providers with additional capabilities, such as content delivery networks (CDNs) to help with traffic distribution, platforms to support delivery of personalised, seamless video content, and advertising based on user preferences.

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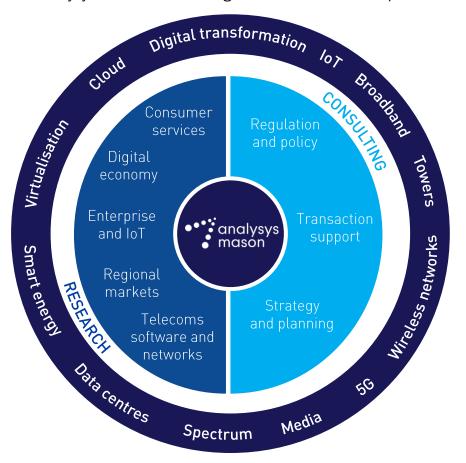
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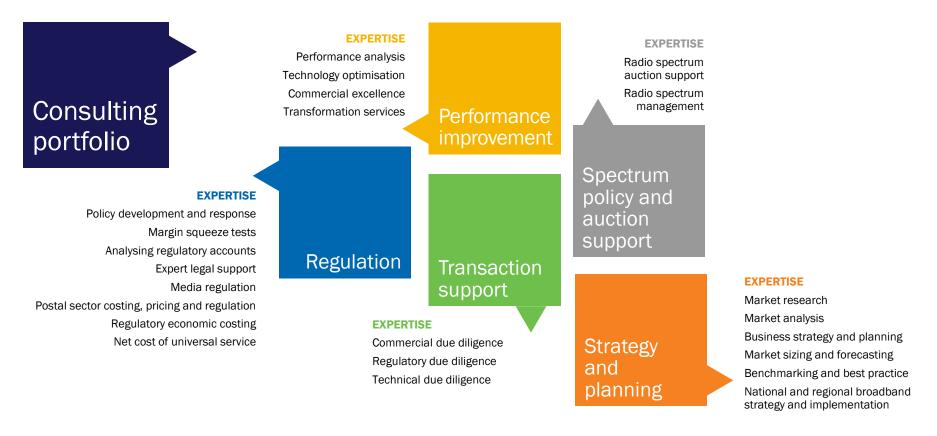
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